

Utilization Management Phone: 1-877-284-0102 Fax: 1-800-510-2162

Specialty Infusion Drugs Precertification Review

completed form. Th	nis reference numb ied. This information	ive will fax you a r er does not indica on will be forwarde	eference number by the ne te an approval or denial of ed to the Plan's Managed (benefits, but only	fter receiving this proof that the
Provider Information	on				
Provider/Facility Na	me:				
Address:					
Phone:					
Fax:					
Patient Information	1				
Patient Name:					
Patient DOB:					
ID Number:					
Address:					
Phone:					
Ordering Physician					
Physician Name:					
Address:					
Phone:					
Fax:					
TIN:					
Treatment Informa					
Primary Diagnosis:					
**Diagnosis (ICD-9)	Code:				
J Code	Dosage	Route	Frequency	Start Date	End Date
What setting with the	e chemotherapy be	e given?	Inpatient	ient	
If inpatient, what is t	he requested leng	th of stay?			
Please check which	condition IVIG is b	peing used to treat	(please check <u>ALL</u> applic	able fields):	
			sentation is not consistent betic neuropathy) and ON		
	(NCS) confirm the		ory dysfunction caused by ostic evidence of a demye		

**ICD10 Procedure and Diagnosis codes will be utilized for Date of Service/Date of Admission/Date of Discharge after mandated compliance date.

Benefits depend upon the eligibility of the patient at the time of admission, subject to all other Plan limitations, pre-admission review requirement and prior related claims. Verification of eligibility and description of benefits are based upon the information we have on file and does not guarantee payment.

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 Clinical history and exam do not suggest upper motor neuron disease (no bulbar weakness, no upper motor neuron signs) and labs show that GM-1 antibody titers are elevated; or After the initial exam and electrodiagnostic testing clinical presentation suggests MMN but the diagnos remains uncertain. Continued use of Ig after initial trial for MMN when the following criteria are met: Clinical results document an improvement in strength and function within three weeks of the start of the 	
motor neuron signs) and labs show that GM-1 antibody titers are elevated; or After the initial exam and electrodiagnostic testing clinical presentation suggests MMN but the diagnostic	sis
☐ There is asymmetric weakness that predominantly affects distal muscles (without upper motor neuron signs) AND nerve conduction studies confirm a demyelinating neuropathy is present (conduction bloc slowing, or abnormal temporal dispersion in at least one nerve); or	k,
Multifocal Motor Neuropathy (MMN) initial trial (up to 4 weeks) when ONE of the following criteria are met:	
☐ Documentation that total IgG is less than 500 mg/dl.	
 Documented history of recurrent bacterial infection or an active infection not responding to antimicrobitherapy; 	al
Treatment of persons with hypogammaglobulinemia and recurrent bacterial infection associated with B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with both :	
☐ Platelet count less than 20,000 (adult) or 30,000 (child).	
Symptomatic thrombocytopenia (for example, but not limited to hematuria, petechiae, bruising, gastrointestinal bleeding, gingival bleeding); or	
Treatment of immune thrombocytopenia (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura [ITP]) with:	
☐ Treatment for no more than 5 days	
☐ Within 10 days of onset; and	
Treatment of Kawasaki Syndrome:	
☐ Lack of, or inadequate response to immunization (for example, but not limited to pneumococcal antige	n).
☐ History of recurrent sinopulmonary infections requiring antibiotic therapy; and	
One or more serum IgG subclasses are more than two standard deviations below the lower limits of th age adjusted norm; and	е
Treatment of IgG sub-class deficiency (e.g., IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4) when:	
☐ The initial, pre-treatment total IgG is less than 500 mg/dl.	
☐ There is no evidence of renal (nephrotic syndrome) and gastrointestinal (for example, protein losing enteropathy) as causes of hypogammaglobulinemia; and	
Treatment of primary humoral immunodeficiency (e.g., congenital agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency (CVID), X-linked immunodeficiency, severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID), Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome) when:	
Continued need is demonstrated by documentation that attempts on an annual basis to titrate the dose or the interval of therapy result in worsening of symptoms.	9
☐ Clinically significant improvement in neurological symptoms as documented on physical examination; and	
CIDP (continued use after initial trial) when the following are met:	
 criteria as established by the American Academy of Neurology (AAN), Saperstein, or Inflammatory Neuropathy Cause and Treatment (INTAC).	

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☐ Dermatosis, refractory.
☐ Eaton-Lambert myasthenic syndrome treatment.
☐ Guillain-Barre Syndrome (acute demyelinating polyneuropathy) as an equivalent alternative to plasma exchange.
☐ Hyperimmunoglobulinemia E syndrome (HIE).
☐ Myasthenia Gravis, severe refractory.
Polymyositis; routine use of Ig is not recommended. Ig may be considered in individuals with severe polymyositis for whom other treatments have been unsuccessful, have become intolerable, or are contraindicated.
Prior to a medically necessary solid organ transplantation for suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies in individuals with high panel reactive antibody (PRA) levels to human leukocyte antigens (HLA).
☐ Prevention of infections in high-risk, preterm, low birth weight neonates.
☐ Stiff-person syndrome not controlled by other therapies.
☐ Toxic shock syndrome caused by staphylococcal or streptococcal organisms refractory to several hours of aggressive therapy.
☐ Solid organ transplant recipients at risk for CMV.
☐ Treatment of chronic parvovirus B19 infection and severe anemia associated with bone marrow suppression.
☐ To reduce the risk of graft-versus-host disease associated with interstitial pneumonia (infectious or idiopathic) and infections in allogeneic bone marrow transplant (BMT) recipients in the first 100 days of transplantation.
☐ Prevention of infection in HIV infected children.
Refractory auto-immune mucocutaneous blistering diseases including: Pemphigus vulgaris, pemphigus foliaceous, bullous pemphigoid, mucous membrane pemphigoid, and epidermolysis bullosa aquisita.
☐ Secondary hypoglobulinemia in persons who are immunosuppressed and have a documented total IgG less than 500mg/dl.
Provider Contact Information
Contact Person:
Title:
Phone:
Fax:

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